

Tuesday, March 20, 2018  
**ORIGIN AND IGNEOUS EVOLUTION OF THE MOON**  
 1:30 p.m. Waterway Ballroom 6

[T255]

**Chairs:** Tabb Prissel  
 Edgar Steenstra

- 1:30 p.m. Fischer R. A. \* Nimmo F. O'Brien D. P.  
[\*The Origin of the Moon's Earth-Like <sup>182</sup>W Isotopic Composition\*](#) [#2195]  
 Based on dynamic simulations plus core formation, Earth and Theia did not have the same W anomaly, so the Moon obtained its Earth-like <sup>182</sup>W by another mechanism.
- 1:45 p.m. Steenstra E. S. \* Fei Y. Matveev S. Berndt J. Klemme S. et al.  
[\*Assessment of a High-Energy Origin of the Moon from Metal-Silicate Partitioning of Siderophile Elements at High Temperatures\*](#) [#1198]  
 We use new high-temperature metal-silicate partitioning data for siderophile elements obtained at up to 2873 K to assess a high-energy origin of the Moon.
- 2:00 p.m. Pieters C. M. \* Hiroi T. Milliken R. E. Cheek L. C.  
[\*Abundance and Distribution of Lunar Primary Crust Anorthosite: The Featureless Plagioclase Challenge\*](#) [#1698]  
 Primary anorthosite crust of the Moon is identified by diagnostic features; vast areas of featureless material should be related, but is undocumented by samples.
- 2:15 p.m. Crites S. T. \* Lemelin M. Lucey P. G. Ohtake M.  
[\*Post-Magma Ocean Impact and Igneous Contributions to the Lunar Highlands Crust\*](#) [#1819]  
 Typical anorthositic lunar highlands crust contains >10% mafic minerals. We revisit mixing models with new mineral maps to identify possible mafic contributors.
- 2:30 p.m. Torcivia M. A. \* Neal C. R.  
[\*Ferroan Anorthosite 60025 — A Lunar Breccia\*](#) [#1331]  
 A look at how a classic example of an LMO product may be more complicated than initially thought.
- 2:45 p.m. Elardo S. M. \* Shearer C. K. McCubbin F. M.  
[\*Asymmetric Early Crust-Building Magmatism on the Lunar Nearside Due to KREEP-Induced Melting Point Depression\*](#) [#2344]  
 The KREEP reservoir on the lunar nearside reduces the melting temperature of Mg-suite source rocks, which could lead to asymmetric crust-building magmatism.
- 3:00 p.m. Prissel T. C. \* Gross J.  
[\*Re-Examining the Petrogenesis of Lunar Troctolites\*](#) [#2583]  
 Re-examining / The Petrogenesis of / Lunar Troctolites: We relax the Mg# problem, and conclude formation via equilibrium crystallization of komatiite-like melts.
- 3:15 p.m. Robinson K. L. \* Kring D. A.  
[\*The Northwest Africa 5744 Group: A Glimpse into Schrödinger-Like Lithologies?\*](#) [#1635]  
 We present new data from two spinel-bearing troctolitic lunar meteorites that may be petrologically similar to Mg-suite rocks observed in Schrödinger Basin.
- 3:30 p.m. Pinet P. C. \* Chevrel S. D. Daydou Y. H.  
[\*Characterization of the Olivine/Plagioclase Mineralogy at Copernicus Crater from MGM Deconvolution of M<sup>3</sup> Observations\*](#) [#1899]  
 Advanced MGM deconvolution procedure is implemented on M<sup>3</sup> observations at Copernicus Crater to detect and map olivine and plagioclase-bearing minerals.

- 3:45 p.m. Bretzfelder J. M. \* Klima R. L. Greenhagen B. T. Buczkowski D. L. Ernst C. M. et al.  
[\*Divining the Lunar Mantle: Spectral Analysis of the Imbrium Basin\*](#) [#1675]  
Where is the mantle? / Excavation by impact / May not expose it.
- 4:00 p.m. McCanta M. C. \* Dyar M. D. Breitenfeld L. Lanzirotti A.  
[\*Mapping of Ferric Iron Variation in Lunar Glass Beads: Observing Changing Oxidation Conditions In Situ\*](#) [#1073]  
We have obtained the first maps of ferric iron concentration in lunar glass beads. Late-stage magma ascent and eruption conditions are considered.
- 4:15 p.m. Gawronska A. J. \* Cronberger K. Neal C. R.  
[\*Implications of Bimodal Olivine Compositions in VHK Basalts\*](#) [#1821]  
This study investigated the magma conditions that could have led to the stabilization of Fayalitic olivine in VHK basalts.
- 4:30 p.m. Christoffersen R. \* Mouser M. D. Simon J. I. Ross D. K.  
[\*Multiple Alkali-Enriched Feldspar Generations in Felsite-Containing Lunar Breccia 12013\*](#) [#2204]  
Feldspar-silica assemblages in lunar breccia 12013 are not limited to the granophyres, but include those generated by shock and perhaps fluid activity.