Surveyor 1

This landing site was not imaged at high resolution by Lunar Orbiter or Apollo. LROC-NAC images were required to find the lander itself [2]. High sun images were examined for dark spots near the lander, and several candidates were found. Only one resembles the Surveyor 3 crater, and is assumed to be the retro-rocket impact site. Note that this is different from the site identified in the abstract!

Surveyor 6

High sun images of this site were examined for dark spots near the lander, and two obvious candidates are apparent, but comparison with Lunar Orbiter 2 frame 121-H3 shows that one was present before the landing. The other is a new feature. This dark spot is also a small crater and has several dark rays, as also seen at Surveyor 3. This must be the Surveyor 6 retro-rocket impact.

Surveyor 3

The Surveyor 3 retro-rocket was observed previously and reported in 2010 [1]. It was seen as a dark spot visible in LROC-NAC images but was not present in a pre-landing Lunar Orbiter image.

More details are reported here. Other than the pre-landing image, the best evidence of the retro-rocket seems to be its appearance as a very dark spot in high sun images. Possible bounce marks were also suggested in an enlarged image.

The highest resolution (25 km altitude) LROC-NAC image (M169353795R) reveals the dark spot as a crater. A small spot previously considered a bounce mark is now seen as a positive relief feature, possibly the engine nozzle, thrown clear of the rocket casing impact.

Surveyor 7

Here the search is complicated by the latitude, which precludes the possibility of high sun images. Despite this, three small dark spots can be found within a few hundred m of the lander, two to the ENE and one to the WSW. Another is located on the impact melt pond 1000 m NE of the lander which was the landing target. That distant spot is probably too far away to be correct, but any of the other three might be the retro-rocket impact. Other candidates may be found as small dark spots are common. These examples are seen to be small craters in enlarged images.

Discussion

At Surveyor 3 and Surveyor 6 we see impact craters which have clearly formed since the pre-landing Lunar Orbiter images were taken. There is no doubt that these features were caused by the impact of the Surveyor retro-rockets, falling from a height of over 10 km.

At Surveyor 1 and Surveyor 5 very similar craters are found. These are very probably the retro-rocket impact sites. At Surveyor 7 there are three candidates for the retro-rocket impact site.

The two obvious sites are craters 4 to 5 m across and 250 to 400 m from the landers. The two probable sites are similar in size and about the same distance from the landers. Analysis of the Surveyor descent trajectories might help confirm the identifications and possibly help identify the Surveyor 7 retro-rocket.