Robustness Computation of Dynamic Controllability in Probabilistic Temporal Networks with Ordinary Distributions

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Input: Probabilistic Simple Temporal Network (PSTN) — A PSTN describes an operational project

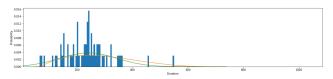
as a set of activities under time constraints and temporal uncertainty (activity durations)

Goal: Compute a lower bound on the success probability of a PSTN, under dynamic control

[600∞[Time window for Rover1::drive Rover1::expe Rover1::relav comm. tasks: [600, 700] [5,10] Rover2::expe Rover2::relay Rover2::drive [0 700] Probability that the rovers meet the communication window? Stochastic task durations

Our method deals with any possible (discrete) prob. distribution previous methods assume classical parametric distributions (uniform, normal)

Benefit: use full stochastic knowledge through historical observations



Dynamic control: decisions can be adapted online

Lower bound: first method to actually guaranty not to overestimate the probability of success

Assumption: failing at executing any activity

→ overall network execution failure

Application to Mars2020 task networks
Structural brittleness analysis: how does the uncertainty of one activity impacts other acticities through the network?

→ Identify structural bottlenecks

