## [R505]

## Thursday, March 23, 2017 SMALL IMPACTS AND SMALL IMPACTORS 8:30 a.m. Waterway Ballroom 6

## **Ingrid Daubar** Chairs: Daniel Durda 8:30 a.m. Daly R. T. \* Schultz P. H. Projectile Preservation During Oblique Hypervelocity Impacts [#1573] Experiments reveal that parts of the projectile survive oblique impacts and are preserved in craters under conditions relevant to the asteroid and Kuiper belts. 8:45 a.m. Herrick R. R. \* *Examination of the Shape and Appearance of Highly Oblique Impacts on the Moon, Mars,* and Mercury [#2803] Butterfly craters / On Moon, Mars, and Mercury / Much is similar. 9:00 a.m. Sefton-Nash E. \* Faes Z. Witasse O. Buchenberger B. The Orbit Planes of Impactors that Formed Elongated Martian Craters [#2454] We analyze the geometry of elongated craters on Mars to constrain the orbit planes and timings responsible for shallow angle impacts. Watters W. A. \* Davison T. M. Collins G. S. 9:15 a.m. Secondary Cratering on Mars: 3-D Simulations and High-Resolution Morphometry [#2877] The impact hydrocode iSALE3D was used to simulate low-velocity impacts. Results were compared with high-resolution morphometry of young martian secondaries. 9:30 a.m. Daubar I. J. \* Banks M. E. Schmerr N. C. Golombek M. P. Hartmann W. K. et al. Crater Clusters on Mars: Implications for Atmospheric Fragmentation, Impactor Properties, and Seismic Detectability [#2544] New dated clustered impacts: Impact direction, impact angle, dispersion, and elevation dependence indicate impactors are weak and less seismically detectable. 9:45 a.m. Hundal C. B. \* Golombek M. P. Daubar I. J. Chronology of Fresh Rayed Craters in Elysium Planitia, Mars [#1726] We use superpositions of secondary craters as seen in HiRISE images to determine relative ages among seven fresh rayed craters 1.5–13.9 km in diameter. 10:00 a.m. Lagain A. \* Bouley S. Baratoux D. Costard F. Variation of the Recent Martian Impact Cratering Rate from Ejecta Blanket Ages [#1107] By dating craters on Mars, we show that the inferred rate is inconsistent with the assumed constant flux, but rather with a late spike, modifying terrains ages. Williams J.-P. \* Bandfield J. L. Paige D. A. Greenhagen B. T. Speyerer E. J. et al. 10:15 a.m. A Recent, Large Multi-Impact Event on the Moon [#2637] A survey of recent impact craters, identified by their association with thermally distinct cold spots, reveals a recent, large multi-impact event on the Moon. 10:30 a.m. Rhoden A. R. \* Navak M. Asphaug E. Ferguson S. Co-Orbital Debris as a Source of Small Impactors and Albedo Features on Tethys [#2953] Debris from Trojans / Rains down on Saturn's Tethys / Craters, grooves abound.

- 10:45 a.m. Schenk P. \* Hoogenboom T. Kirchoff M. <u>Auto-Secondaries on a Midsize Icy Moon: Bright Rayed Crater Inktomi (Rhea)</u> [#2686] Doctor, you mentioned the ratio of a million secondaries to each primary. Wouldn't that necessitate the adoption of the so-called autosecondary relationship?
- 11:00 a.m. Durda D. D. \* Grosch D. J. Chocron S. Walker J. D. Housen K. R. et al. <u>Meter-Scale Target Impact Experiments: Measuring Momentum Enhancement Factor Size</u> <u>Scaling Effects</u> [#1264] We present results from a series of impact experiments designed to measure the momentum enhancement factor for meter-scale targets.
- 11:15 a.m. Tatsumi E. \* Sugita S. <u>New Crater Scaling Law for Coarse-Grained Targets Based on Demensional Analysis</u> [#1911] We propose the new crater scaling law for rubble-piles with coarse surfaces based on impact experiments to estimate crater retention ages accurately.
- 11:30 a.m. El Mir C. \* Ramesh K. T. Richardson D. C. <u>A New Approach to Simulation of Asteroidal Impact Events: From Damage to Disruption and</u> <u>Gravitational Accumulation</u> [#2590] We present a hybrid numerical scheme that uses the Material Point Method and an N-body gravitational code to simulate the outcome of high-velocity impact events.