[M102]

Monday, March 16, 2015 GALE CRATER, MARS: GEOMORPHOLOGY AND GEOCHEMISTRY 8:30 a.m. Waterway Ballroom 4

- Chairs: Douglas Ming Ashwin Vasavada
- 8:30 a.m. Vasavada A. R. * Grotzinger J. P. Gupta S. Haberle R. M. Mischna M. A. et al. <u>What Can Curiosity's Study of Gale Crater Tell Us About Mars' Ancient Climate?</u> [#2161]

 Curiosity's study of ancient fluvial and lacustrine environments within Gale Crater has placed new constraints on Mars' ancient climate.
- 8:45 a.m. Lewis K. W. * Dietrich W. E. Edgar L. A. Grotzinger J. P. Gupta S. et al.

 **Physical Stratigraphy Along the Curiosity Traverse and the Transition to Mount Sharp [#2698]

 Orbital and rover-based observations are combined to understand the transition between the sediments of the Gale Crater plains and the base of Mount Sharp.
- 9:00 a.m. Stack K. M. * Grotzinger J. P. Gupta S. Kah L. C. Lewis K. W. et al.

 Sedimentology and Stratigraphy of the Pahrump Hills Outcrop, Lower Mount Sharp,

 Gale Crater, Mars [#1994]

 MSL Curiosity's first analysis of the sedimentology and stratigraphy of lower Mount Sharp strata.
- 9:15 a.m. Milliken R. E. * Hurowitz J. A. Grotzinger J. Wiens R. Blaney D. et al.

 The Chemostratigraphy of Lower Mt. Sharp: Using Rover-Scale Observations to Test

 Orbital-Scale Hypotheses [#2339]

 We use MSL ChemCam and APXS data to determine chemostratigraphic trends at Pahrump Hills for comparison to orbital CRISM signatures of hydrated phases.
- 9:30 a.m. Thompson L. M. * Gellert R. Spray J. G. Kah L. C. APXS Team et al.

 The Composition of the Basal Murray Formation at Pahrump Hills, Gale Crater, Mars [#1429]

 The APXS compositions of the sedimentary strata at the base of Mount Sharp, reveal information regarding their regional context and post-depositional history.
- 9:45 a.m. Gellert R. * Berger J. A. Boyd N. Campbell J. L. Desouza E. D. et al.

 <u>Chemical Evidence for an Aqueous History at Pahrump, Gale Crater, Mars, as Seen</u>

 <u>by the APXS</u> [#1855]

 Pahrump is different from previous areas in Gale. Lower Mg, Ca, Fe, higher Al, Si, P, elevated Se and Pb and MgSO₄ features indicate multiple aqueous events.
- 10:00 a.m. Cavanagh P. D. * Bish D. L. Blake D. F. Vaniman D. T. Morris R. V. et al.

 <u>Confidence Hills Mineralogy and CheMin Results from Base of Mt. Sharp, Pahrump Hills,</u>

 <u>Gale Crater, Mars</u> [#2735]

 The MSL/CheMin X ray diffractometer completed five nights of englysis on the Confidence
 - The MSL/CheMin X-ray diffractometer completed five nights of analysis on the Confidence Hills sample. Analysis and quantitative mineralogy are presented.
- 10:15 a.m. Kah L. C. * Kronyak R. Van Beek J. Nachon M. Mangold N. et al. <u>Diagenetic Crystal Clusters and Dendrites, Lower Mount Sharp, Gale Crater</u> [#1901] Crystal clusters and dendrites at Pahrump, Gale Crater, result from interparticle crystal growth of diagenetic fluids through a mudstone matrix.
- 10:30 a.m. Wiens R. C. * Maurice S. Gasnault O. Clegg S. M. Fabre C. et al.

 <u>Centimeter to Decimeter Size Spherical and Cylindrical Features in Gale Crater Sediments</u> [#1249]

 Hollow, dark-toned multi-centimeter spheres and larger cylindrical features suggest gas bubbles and collapse pipes, respectively, in Gale sediments.

10:45 a.m. McAdam A. C. * Archer P. D. Jr. Sutter B. Franz H. B. Eigenbrode J. L. et al. <u>Major Volatiles from MSL SAM Evolved Gas Analyses: Yellowknife Bay Through Lower</u> <u>Mount Sharp</u> [#2323]

We discuss trends in the major volatiles observed in SAM evolved gas analyses of Gale Crater samples to date and their implications.

- 11:00 a.m. Franz H. B. *

 The Isotopic Composition of Martian Atmospheric CO₂: Measurements with the Sample Analysis at

 Mars (SAM) Quadrupole Mass Spectrometer [#3005]

 One Mars year of observations suggests a seasonal cycle in CO₂ isotopes.
- 11:15 a.m. Niles P. B. * Archer P. D. Heil E. McAdam A. Sutter B. et al.

 **Investigating CO2 Reservoirs at Gale Crater and Evidence for a Dense Early Atmosphere [#2840]

 Based on results from the MSL rover, the total amount of CO2 in the Gale samples is lower than expected. It is possible that CO2 exists in a more exotic form.
- 11:30 a.m. Thomson B. J. * Fassett C. I. Buczkowski D. L. Seelos K. D. <u>How Much of the Sediment in Gale Crater's Central Mound was Fluvially Transported?</u> [#2280] Water, gently flowing on the ground. Can't move enough dirt to build a tall mound.
- 11:45 a.m. Parker T. J. * Dietrich W. E. Palucis M. C. Calef F. J. Newsom H. E.

 Banding and Terracing in Lower Mount Sharp (Aeolis Mons), Gale Crater: Comparisons to

 Recently-Exposed Strandlines in Lake Mead, SW USA [#3003]

 Terracing in lower Mount Sharp, generally interpreted as stratigraphy, is similar in planform and profile shape to very young terrestrial strandlines.