Wednesday, April 26, 2017 ORIGIN AND EVOLUTION OF LIFE: PREBIOTIC GEOCHEMISTRY:

ORIGIN OF LIFE: HYPOTHESIS I: SALT WATER (OCEAN VENTS)
10:15 a.m. Arizona Ballroom A-C

Chairs: Bruce Damer David Deamer

10:15 a.m. McGown L. B. * Burcar B. T. Barge L. M. Russell M. J. Watson E. B.

Exploring Alkaline Hydrothermal Vent Environments for Abiotic RNA Polymerization [#3294]

Abiotic RNA polymerization was investigated in simulated hydrothermal vent systems formed under conditions consistent with our understanding of early Earth.

10:30 a.m. Barge L. M. * Steinbock O. Cartwright J. H. E.

Prebiotic Chemistry in Chemical Garden Structures at Hydrothermal Vents: The Importance of Gels and Gradients [#3477]

Chemical gardens form precipitates in gradients and contain gels within their interiors, providing environments suitable for prebiotic organic chemistry.

10:45 a.m. Sojo V. * Moeller F. McGlynn S. Nakamura R. Braun D.

<u>Microscopic pH Gradients and the Potential for Carbon Fixation at Alkaline Hydrothermal Vents</u> [#3263] Challenges for the alkaline vent theory include whether multi-unit pH gradients remain at the microscale. We will show they do and implications for CO_2 fixation.

11:00 a.m. Herschy B. * Lim S. Whicher A. Camprubi E. Lane N.

A Route to Inorganic Carbon Fixation in Alkaline Hydrothermal Vents [#3276]

This looks at a prebiotic pathway for the reduction and fixation of inorganic carbon using a natural proton gradient found in alkaline hydrothermal vents.

11:15 a.m. Maurer S. E. * Monnard P.-A. Hanczyc M.

<u>Vesicle Formation Under Ocean-Like Conditions from Prebiotically Plausible Amphiphiles</u> [#3669] We demonstrate the ability of simple amphiphiles to form bilayers in high ionic strength solutions using fluorescence microscopy along with other techniques.

11:30 a.m. Dalai P. * Ustriyana P. Sahai N.

<u>Dissolved Magnesium as an Environmental Selection Pressure in MIxed Lipid Vesicles: Evolving Protocell</u> Membranes to Modern Membranes [#3122]

Mg²⁺ selectively abstracts OA from mixed lipid (oleic acid, OA/palmitoyloleoylphosphatidylcholine, POPC) membranes thus relatively enriching the phospholipid.

11:45 a.m. Damer B. F. * Deamer D. W.

An Origin of Life in Terrestrial Fresh Water Hydrothermal Pools [#3220]

Chemical and geological evidence in support of an origin of life on land in fluctuating fresh water hydrothermal pools driven by hydration/dehydration cycles.

 $12:00\ p.m.\quad Van\ Kranendonk\ M.\ J.\ *\quad Djokic\ T.\quad Campbell\ K.\ A.\quad Deamer\ D.\quad Damer\ B.\quad Walter\ M.\ R.$

Steller L. Ota T. Nakamura E. Tadbiri S.

An Origin of Life at Terrestrial Hot Springs: Support from Early Earth and Implications for the Search for Life on Mars [#3020]

An origin of life at terrestrial hot springs is supported by recent discoveries from an early Earth analogue in the Pilbara, with astrobiological implications.

12:15 p.m. *Lunch*